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Date Printed: 4/8/15 Date Revised: 3/31/11

MANUFACTURER: SIERRA CORP/TK PRODUCTS EMERGENCY PHONE: 1-800-424-9300

11400 WEST 47TH STREET MINNETONKA, MN 55343 INFORMATION PHONE: (952) 938-7223 ADDRESS :

NAME OF PREPARER: Safety Director

PRODUCT NAME: HI-TECH EPOXY, CLEAR, PART A

PRODUCT CODE: TK-9101

HAZARD RISK CLASSIFICATION

SIGNAL WORD: DANGER

PICTOGRAM:

GHS05 - CORROSION GHS07 - EXCLAMATION MARK GHS08 - HEALTH HAZARD GHS09 -

ENVIRONMENT

HAZARD CATEGORY HAZARD CLASS

ACUTE TOXICITY CATEGORY 4 ORAL CATEGORY 4 DERMAL ACUTE TOXICITY CATEGORY 4 INHALATION ACUTE TOXICITY

CATEGORY 2 SKIN CORROSION /

IRRITATION

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / CATEGORY 1

EYE IRRITATION

CATEGORY 1 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZER CATEGORY 1 SKIN SENSITIZER HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC ACUTE 2

ENVIRONMENT SHORT-TERM (ACUTE)

CHRONIC 2 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC

ENVIRONMENT LONG-TERM (CHRONIC)

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

H3O2+H312+H332 Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled

Causes skin irritation H315

May cause allergic skin reaction H317

Causes serious eye damage H318

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if H334

inhaled

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

PREVENTION:

Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapor/ spray. P261

Wash hands and any exposed area thoroughly after handling. P264

Do not eat, drink or smoke while using this product. P270

Use only outdoors or in well-ventilated area. P271

Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the P272

workplace.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Wear protective impervious gloves/ OSHA approved eye P280

protection/face protection.

In case of inadequate ventilation wear appropriate organic vapor respiratory protection.

RESPONSE:

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Date Revisor. o	, 52, 22
P301+P310	If swallowed: Immediately call a Poison Center / doctor.
P302+P350	If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P304+P340	If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for
breathing.	
P305+P351+P338	If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
Remove contact	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/ emergency responder.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P321	Specific treatment (see on this label)
P322	Specific measures (see on this label)
P330	Rinse mouth.
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P342+P311	If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a Poison
Center/doctor.	
P362	Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.
STORAGE:	
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P405	Store locked up.
F403	blote tooked up.

DISPOSAL:

Date Revised: 3/31/11

P501 Store separately. Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with local/ regional/national /international regulations.

=======================================	SECTION	3 -	COMPOSITION		MATION WEIGHT	ON	INGR		NTS POSURE		
COMPONENT			CAS NUMBER	t :	PERCENT		OSHA	PEL	ACGIH	TLV	OTHER
Benzyl Alcohol			100-51-6	25-50							
							NOT EST	ABLIS	HED		
Isophorone Diamine			2855-13-2	10-25							
							10 PPM				
Alkylglycidyl Ether	· · · ·		68609-97-2	10-25							
							NOT EST	ABLIS	HED		
4-Nonyl Hydroxybenzene,	Nonylphenol		84852-15-3	1-10							
							NOT EST	ABLIS	HED		

PRIMARY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE:

Skin contact.

EFFECTS OF ACUTE EXPOSURE:

EYES: Corrosive to eyes. Contact with eyes may cause severe irritation and burns.

SKIN: Corrosive to skin and mucous membranes. Contact with skin may cause severe irritation and burns. May be absorbed through skin in toxic amounts.

INHALATION: Inhalation of vapor or mist can cause irritation of nose, throat and lungs and lead to headaches and nausea.

INGESTION: Not an anticipated route of exposure. Small amounts are not expected to be harmful. Can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomitting and diarrhea. Small amounts aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury.

CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS:

No anticipated chronic effects.MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:

No known effects on other illnesses.

EYES: Flush with large amounts of water for 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower eyelids. If irritation persists seek

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medical attention,

SKIN CONTACT: Wash contaminated area with soap and water. Remove and launder contaminated clothing.

INGESTION: If a large amount is ingested, give water or milk and induce vomitting. Seek medical attention.

INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air and provide oxygen if breathing is difficult. If breathing has stopped administer artificial respiration. Seek medical attention if condition persists.

FLASH POINT: Greater than 200 F

METHOD USED: PMCC

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR BY VOLUME- LOWER: n/a

UPPER: n/a

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

This material will not burn in its liquid state unless heated above its flash point. Dried films may burn and can be extinguished by water spray, foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Persons exposed to products of combustion should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. Isolate danger area, keep unauthorized personnel out.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

There is the possibility of pressure buildup in closed containers when heated. Water spray may be used to cool these containers.

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Do not let uncured spilled or leaking material enter watercourse. May be toxic to aquatic life. Absorb with oil-dri or similar inert material. Sweep or scrape up and containerize. Rinse affected area thoroughly with water. Wear appropriate protective equipment.

HANDLING INFORMATION:

Employees who come in contact with this material must be trained in accordance to 1910.1200 of the Hazard Communicatin Standard. Wear chemical resistant gloves and protective clothing to minimize contact. The use of respiratory protection is advised when spraying because of mist and dust overspray.

STORAGE INFORMATION:

Keep containers tightly closed. Use and store material in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, hot metal surfaces, and all sources of ignition. Post "No smoking or open flame" sign. Store only in approved containers. Keep away from incompatible materials (see section 10). Protect containers against physical damage. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS:

All empty containers should be disposed of in an evironmentally safe manner in accordance with all governmental regulations.

======== SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION ==========

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

No special requirements under normal use conditions. In confined areas, or ares with poor ventilation, engineering controls should be used to minimize exposure. Use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator if conditions warrant.

VENTILATION:

General room ventilation is adequate.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES:

Prevent prolonged or repeated contact by wearing chemical resistant gloves and other appropriate protective clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

EYE PROTECTION:

Wear safety glasses to reduce eye contact potential. Chemical safety goggles (ANSI Z87.1 or approved equivalent) are appropriate if splashing is likely. Eye washes must be available where eye contact can occur.

OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT:

A source of clean water should be available for flushing eyes and skin. Showers should be available if larger spills are possible.

WORK/HYGIENIC PRACTICES:

Efforts should be made to minimize contact and spills. Always wash hands before eating, drinking, or smoking. Clean up spills promptly. Follow OSHA and company guidlines.

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PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid

COLOR: Various colors

ODOR: Amine or ammonia odor

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Dilutable VAPOR DENSITY: Heavier than air.

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H2O=1): 1.02

EVAPORATION RATE: Slower than nBuAc

BOTTITIG RANGE:

COATING V.O.C.: 16 g/l (0.14 lb/gl)

STABILITY:

Stable under normal conditions and handling.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

None known

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID):

Avoid exposure to strong oxidizing agents and reducing agents.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BYPRODUCTS:

Combustion may liberate toxic byproducts such as carbon dioxide, and carbon monoxide, various oxides of carbon and nitrogen. Thermal decomposition may liberate acrylic monomers and ammonia.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

Will not occur.

SENSITIZATION:

None known.

CARCINOGENICITY:

There is no data available to indicate any components present at greater than 0.1% may present a carcinogenic hazard.

There is no data available to indicate any components present at greater than 0.1% may present reproductive toxicity.

TERATOGENICITY (BIRTH DEFECTS):

There is no data available to indicate any components present at greater than 0.1% may cause birth defects.

There is no data to indicate that any component present at greater than 0.1% will alter DNA.

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA:

Contains ammonia or amines which may be toxic to aquatic life. Nonylphenol is a marine pollutant.

This product does not meet the definition of hazardous waste under the U.S. EPA Hazardous Waste Regulations 40 CFR 261, however, state and local regulations may be more restrictive. Coagulate the emulsion by the stepwise addition of ferric chloride and lime. Remove the clear supernatant and flush to a chemical sewer. Incinerate liquid and contaminated solids in accordance with local, state, and federal regulations.

SHIPPING NAME:

UN3066, Paint, 8, III

All ingredients of this product are listed, or are excluded from listing, on the US Toxic Subatances Control Act (TSCA) chemical substance inventory.

This product does not contain a chemical subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 313 (40CFR 372) above de minimis concentrations.

STATE SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS:

This product does not contain a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or reproductive harm, subject to the requirements of California Proposition 65.

STATE LISTED COMPONENTS

CAS NUMBER

STATE CODE

REVISION DATE: 03/31/11

F R HMIS CODES: H 1 2

P В

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MANUFACTURER: SIERRA CORP/TK PRODUCTS

ADDRESS: 11400 WEST 47TH STREET INFORMATION PHONE: (952)938-7223

MINNETONKA, MN 55343

NAME OF PREPARER: Safety Director

PRODUCT NAME: TK POLYASPARTIC, PART A

PRODUCT CODE: TK-2425 A&B

HAZARD RISK CLASSIFICATION

SIGNAL WORD: DANGER

PICTOGRAM:

GHS02 - FLAME GHS05 - CORROSION GHS06 - SKULL AND CROSSBONES GHS07 -

EXCLAMATION MARK GHS08 - HEALTH HAZARD GHS09 - ENVIRONMENT

HAZARD CLASS HAZARD CATEGORY

CATEGORY 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

CATEGORY 1 INHALATION ACUTE TOXICITY

CATEGORY 1 SKIN CORROSION /

IRRITATION

CATEGORY 1 SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE /

EYE IRRITATION

CATEGORY 1 RESPIRATORY SENSITIZER CATEGORY 1 SKIN SENSITIZER

CATEGORY 1 (BOTH 1A AND 1B) GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY CATEGORY 1 (BOTH 1A AND 1B) CARCINOGENICITY

TOXIC TO SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN CATEGORY 3

TOXICITY - SINGLE EXPOSURE

CATEGORY 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD CHRONIC 2 HAZARDOUS TO THE AQUATIC

ENVIRONMENT LONG-TERM (CHRONIC)

HAZARD STATEMENTS:

Flammable liquid and vapor H226

May be fatal if swallowed or enters airways Causes severe skin burns and eye damage H304

H314

May cause allergic skin reaction H317

Causes serious eye damage H318

Fatal if inhaled H330 H332 Harmful if inhaled

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if H334

inhaled

May cause respiratory irritation H335

May cause genetic defects H340

May cause cancer. H350

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects H411

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS:

PREVENTION:

Obtain special instructions before use. P201

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and P202

understood.

Keep away from heat/hot surfaces/sparks/open flames and other P210

sources of ignition. No smoking.

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P233	Keep container tightly closed.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilation/lighting/handling
equipment.	
P242	Use non-sparking tools.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharge.
P260	Do not breath dusts/fume/gas/mist/vapors or spray.
P264	Wash hands and any exposed area thoroughly after handling.
P270	Do not eat, drink or smoke while using this product.
P271	Use only outdoors or in well-ventilated area.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the
workplace.	
P281	Use appropriate personal protective impervious gloves/protective
clothing/ OSHA	approved eye protection/ face protection.
P285	In case of inadequate ventilation wear appropriate organic vapor
respiratory pr	otection.
RESPONSE:	
P301+P310	If swallowed: Immediately call a Poison Center / doctor.
P301+P330+P331	If swallowed: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P302+P352	If on skin: Wash with plenty of water.
P303+P361+P353	If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated
clothing. Rinse	e skin with water (or shower).
P304+P340	If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for
breathing.	
P305+P351+P338	If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.
Remove contact	lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P308+P313	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.
P310	Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/ emergency responder.
P312	Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P320	Specific treatment is urgent (see on this label).
P321	Specific treatment (see on this label)
P331	Do NOT induce vomiting.
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P342+P311	If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a Poison
Center/doctor.	
P363	Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use carbon dioxide (CO2), powder, alcohol-
resistant foam	to extinguish.
STORAGE:	
P403+P233	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405	Store locked up.
DISPOSAL:	
P501	Store separately. Dispose of contents/ container in accordance
with local/ re	gional/national /international regulations.
	SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS =========
	WEIGHT EXPOSURE LIMITS
COMPONENT	CAS NUMBER PERCENT OSHA PEL ACGIH TLV OTHER
	20102 01 2 25-50
Homopolymer of HDI	28182-81-2 25-50 0.5 MG/M3 PEL
* Aromatic Petroleum I	Distillates 64742-95-6 10-25 100 PPM NA
	100 PPM NA

95-63-6 13.1

+ Trimethylbenzene

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* Hovemethylene Dijgogyanate Monomer 822-06-0 22

* Hexamethylene Diisocyanate Monomer 822-06-0 .22 0.02 PPM 0.005PPM TWA

- * Chemical(s) that are chronic health hazards. Refer to section 3 for further information.
- + Toxic chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 of Title III and of 40 CFR 372.

PRIMARY ROUTES OF EXPOSURE:

Skin contact, eye contact, and inhalation.

EFFECTS OF ACUTE EXPOSURE:

EYES: Contact with eyes may cause irritation including burning, watering, and redness.

SKIN: Contact may cause mild skin irritation including redness, burning, and drying and cracking of skin. Continued exp may develop into dermatitis. Solvents can penetrate the skin and cause systematic effects similar to those under inhalation symptoms. Isocyanates react with skin protein and moisture and can cause irritation. Prolonged contact with isocyanates can cause swelling, rash, scaling or blistering. In those who have developed skin sensitization, these symptoms can develop as a result of contact with very small amounts of liquid material or even as a result of vapor only exposure.

INHALATION: High vapor concentrations are irritating to the eyes and respiratory tract, may cause headaches, dizziness, anesthesia, asthma, drowsiness, unconsciousness, and other central nervous system effects, and possibly death

INGESTION: Can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomitting and diarrhea. Small amounts aspirated into the respiratory system during ingestion or vomiting may cause mild to severe pulmonary injury.

CHRONIC HEALTH EFFECTS:

Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage (Sometimes referred to as Solvent or Painter's Syndrome). Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling this material may be harmful or fatal. Chronic exposure may also cause damage to the respiratory system, lungs, eyes, skin, gastrointestinal tract, liver, spleen and kidneys. Repeated skin contact may cause persistant irritation or dermatitis.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:

Conditions aggrevated by exposure may include skin disorders, respiratory (asthma-like) disorders, and pre-existing liver or kidney conditions.

IF ON SKIN: Thoroughly wash exposed area with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use. If irritation develops and persists, seek medical attention.

IF IN EYES: Flush with large amounts of water for 15 minutes, lifting upper and lower lids occasionally. If symptoms persist, seek medical attention.

If SWALLOWED: Do not induce vomiting. Immediately administer 1-2 glasses of water and contact a physician, hospital emergency room, or poison control center for further advice. Keep person warm, quiet and seek immediate medical attention. Aspiration of material into lungs can cause severe lung damage. VOMITING CAN CAUSE CHEMICAL PNEUMONITIS WHICH CAN BE FATAL.

INHALATION: Move affected individual to fresh air. If breathing is difficult, qualified personnel should administer oxygen. If breathing has stopped give artificial respiration. If respiratory symptoms develop or persist, seek medical attention.

METHOD USED: TCC

FLASH POINT: 105 F

FLASH POINT: 105 F
FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR BY VOLUME- LOWER: 1

UPPER: 7

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA:

Foam, CO2, or dry chemical is recommended. Water spray is recommended to cool or protect exposed materials or structures.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES:

Persons exposed to products of combustion should wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective equipment. Isolate danger area, keep unauthorized personnel out. Water may be ineffective for extinguishment, unless used under favorable conditions by experienced fire fighters. Carbon dioxide can displace oxygen, exercise caution when using CO2 in confined areas.

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UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

Vapors may be ignited by heat, sparks, flames, or other sources of ignition. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel considerable distances to a source of ignition where they may cause a flashback or explosion. If container is not properly cooled, it can rupture in the presence of excessive heat.

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED:

Keep all sources of ignition and hot metal surfaces away from spill/release. Use explosion-proof non-sparking equipment. Stay upwind from area. Isolate danger and keep unauthorized personnel out. Stop source of release if possible with minimal risk. Wear appropriate protective equipment including respiratory protection. Prevent spill from entering sewers, storm drains, or any other unauthorized treatment drainage systems and natural waterways by diking ahead of the spill. Spilled material may be absorbed with an appropriate spill kit. Notify fire authorities and appropriate federal, state, and local agencies if required.

HANDLING INFORMATION:

Employees who come in contact with this material must be trained in accordance to 1910.1200 of the Hazard Communication Standard.

Open container slowly to relieve any pressure. Bond and ground all equipment when transferring from one vessel to another. Static charge can accumulate by flow or agitation. Ignition can occur by static discharage. The use of explosion proof equipment is recommended and may be required. The use of respiratory protection is advised when concentrations exceed any established exposure limits and in confined spaces. Use good industrial and personal hygiene practice, wash thoroughly after handling, and do not wear contaminated clothing.

STORAGE INFORMATION:

Keep containers tightly closed. Use and store material in cool, dry, well-ventilated areas away from heat, direct sunlight, hot metal surfaces, and all sources of ignition. Post "No smoking or open flame" sign. Store only in approved containers. Keep away from incompatible materials (see section 10). Protect containers against physical damage. Indoor storage should meet OSHA standards and appropriate fire codes.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS:

"Empty" containers retain residue, liquid and vapor, and may be dangerous. Do not cut, weld, pressurize, solder, drill, grind, or expose such containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. They may expode and cause severe personal injury or death. All containers should be disposed of in an environmentally safe manner in accordance with all government regulations.

========== SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION ========== RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

Engineering or administrative controls in conjunction with a respirator program is recommended to reduce exposure, and as a part of plant hygiene.

A respirator that is recommended or approved for use in isocyanate-containing environments (air-purifying or fresh airsupplied) may be necessary for spray applications or other situations such as high temperature use which may produce inhalation exposures. A air-supplied respirator is recommended. Before an air-purifying respirator can be used, air monitoring must be performed to measure airborne concentrations if isocyanates.

An air-purifying (combination organic vapor and particulate) proven by test to be effective in isocyanate-containing spray environments can be used when ALL of the following conditions are met: Airborne isocyanate monomer concentrations are known to be below 0.05 ppm averaged over 8 hours; and airborne polyisocyante concentrations are below 5 mg/m3 averaged over 8 hours.

Use NIOSH certified end of service life indicator or a change schedule based upon objective information or data to ensure that cartridges are replaced before the end of their service life. In addition, prefilters should be changed whenever breathing resistance increases due to particulate buildup.

VENTILATION:

If current ventilation practices are not adequate to maintain airborne concentrations below the established exposure limits, additional ventilation or exhaust systems may be required. Where explosive mixtures may be present, electrical systems safe for such locations must be used.

PROTECTIVE GLOVES:

Prevent prolonged or repeated contact by wearing gloves impervious to solvents and other appropriate protective clothing. Launder contaminated clothing before reuse.

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EYE PROTECTION:

Wear safety glasses to reduce eye contact potential. Chemical safety goggles (ANSI Z87.1 or approved equivalent) are appropriate if splashing is likely. Eye washes must be available where eye contact can occur.

OTHER PROTECTIVE CLOTHING OR EQUIPMENT:

A source of clean water should be available for flushing eyes and skin. Showers should be available if larger spills are possible.

WORK/HYGIENIC PRACTICES:

Efforts should be made to minimize contact and spills. Always wash hands before eating, drinking, or smoking. Clean up spills promptly. Follow OSHA and company guidlines.

========= SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES =============

PHYSICAL STATE: Liquid

COLOR: Various colors

ODOR: Hydrocarbon odor

SOLUBILITY IN WATER: Insoluble/Negligible

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H2O=1): 1.03

VAPOR DENSITY: Heavier than air.

BOILING RANGE: 308 F

EVAPORATION RATE: Slower than nBuAc

(2.58 lb/gl)COATING V.O.C.: 309 g/l

STABILITY:

Stable under normal conditions and handling.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID:

All possible sources of ignition.

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID):

Avoid exposure to strong oxidizing agents and reducing agents.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION OR BYPRODUCTS:

Combustion may liberate toxic byproducts such as carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, various oxides of carbon and nitrogen. HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION:

Will not occur.

SENSITIZATION:

As as result of previous repeated overexposures or a single large dose, certain individuals will develop isocyanate sensitization (chemical asthma) which will cause them to react to a later exposure to isocyanates at levels well below applicable exposure limits. These symptoms could be immediate or delayed several hours after exposure. This increased sensitivity can persist for weeks and in severe cases for several years.

CARCINOGENICITY:

There is no data available to indicate any components present at greater than 0.1% may present a carcinogenic hazard.

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY:

There is no data available to indicate any components present at greater than 0.1% may present reproductive toxicity.

TERATOGENICITY (BIRTH DEFECTS):

There is no data available to indicate any components present at greater than 0.1% may cause birth defects.

There is no data to indicate that any component present at greater than 0.1% will alter DNA.

ENVIRONMENTAL DATA:

Although no information is available for this specific product mixture, individual components may by themselves may have ecological affects. Trimethylbenzene is a marine pollutant under 49 CFR 172.101.

This product is considered a RCRA hazardous waste due to the characterisic(s) of D001 (ignitability). Waste is subject to the land disposal restrictions in 40 CFR 268.40 and may require treatment standards. Consult state and local regulations to determine whether they are more stringent than the federal requirements.

Container contents should be completely used and containers empty prior to discarding. Container rinsate could be considered a RCRA hazardous waste and must be discarded in compliance with all applicable regulations. Larger empty containers, such as drums, should be returned to a professional drum reconditioner. To assure proper disposal of smaller empty containers, consult with state and local regulations and disposal authorities.

Not regulated in containers 119 gallons [450 liters] or less, Combustible Liquid in containers greater that 119 gallons

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for ground travel. (For containers greater than 119 gallons, vessel, international shipments, or air: UN1263, Paint, 3,

All ingredients of this product are listed, or are excluded from listing, on the US Toxic Subatances Control Act (TSCA) chemical substance inventory.

This product does contain a chemical(s) subject to the reporting requirements of SARA Title III, Section 313 (40CFR 372). See section 2.

STATE SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS:

This product does not contain a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer, birth defects or reproductive harm, subject to the requirements of California Proposition 65.

STATE LISTED COMPONENTS

CAS NUMBER

STATE CODE

95-63-6 Trimethylbenzene

CA, MA, MN, NJ, PA

REVISION DATE: 08/19/14

HMIS CODES: H

R

P

2 2 I